

Brown County Maternal and Infant Health Dashboard

Q1 2021 Quarterly Dashboard

Infant Mortality

Infant mortality – or the death of a baby before his/her first birthday – is a critical indicator of community health. While national infant mortality rates are decreasing, Ohio ranks among the worst in the nation for overall infant mortality. This quarterly dashboard provides a snapshot of the most up-to-date data on infant death and selected birth indicators.

About The Data

- Date range for data is Q1 2012 - Q1 2021.
- Data are limited to Medicaid as the Payer.
- The ODM Infant Mortality Rate includes data through Q1 2020, all other measures include data through Q1 2021.

Definitions

- **Wellcare Visit, Ages 12-21**- A female 12-21 years of age who had at least one comprehensive wellcare visit with a primary care physician or an obstetrics gynecologist practitioner. This is the combined 12-17 and 18-21 age cohorts of the HEDIS® WCV measure restricted to females. Higher rates are better.
- **Contraceptive Care**- Women ages 15-44 at risk of unintended pregnancy who were provided a most or moderately effective FDA-approved method of contraception. Higher rates are better.
- **ODM Infant Mortality**- The Ohio Department of Medicaid (ODM) Infant Mortality Rate is the rate of Medicaid paid births in the State of Ohio where the infant died before his or her first birthday. The rates are calculated per 1,000 births. Lower rates are better.
- **Postpartum Visit**- Deliveries that had a postpartum visit on or between 7 and 84 days after delivery. Higher rates are better.
- **Prenatal Care Visit**- Deliveries that received timely prenatal care visits. Higher rates are better.
- **Preterm Birth**- A baby born less than 37 completed weeks of gestation. Lower rates are better.
- **Progesterone Usage**- Delivered a live birth where the mother was administered progesterone during a pregnancy classified as high-risk. Higher rates are better.
- **Very Preterm Birth**- A baby born less than 32 completed weeks of gestation. Lower rates are better.

Infant Health (Lower Rates are Better)

2,353

Total Infant Births
in Brown County from
Q1 2012 - Q1 2021

20

Total Infant Deaths
in Brown County from
Q1 2012 - Q1 2021

ODM Infant Mortality Rate

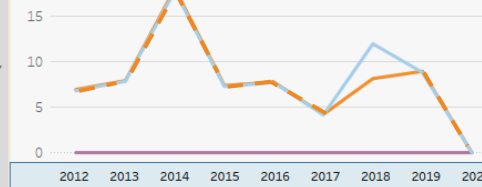
In Brown County from Q2 2019-Q1 2020, the ODM Infant Mortality Rate was 0.0 per 1,000 births.

Brown 0.0
Adams 0.0

Statewide: 6.6
OEI: 7.4

Q2 2019 - Q1 2020

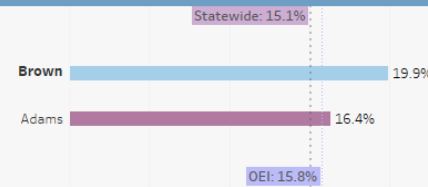
In Brown County, the ODM Infant Mortality Rate was 0.0, which is a **decrease of 100.0%** from Q2 2018 - Q1 2019.



County Average African American Caucasian

Preterm Births

In Brown County, the Preterm Birth Rate was 19.9%, which is an **increase of 85.5%** from Q2 2019 - Q1 2020.

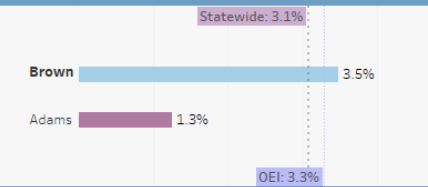


OEI: 15.8%

Q2 2020 - Q1 2021

Very Preterm Births

In Brown County, the Very Preterm Birth Rate was 3.5%, which is an **increase of 81.8%** from Q2 2019 - Q1 2020.



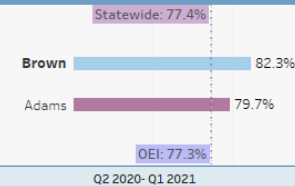
OEI: 3.3%

Q2 2020 - Q1 2021

Maternal Health (Higher Rates are Better)

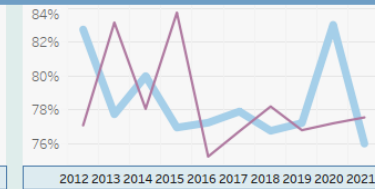
Prenatal Care

In Brown County, 82.3% of deliveries received a prenatal care visit.



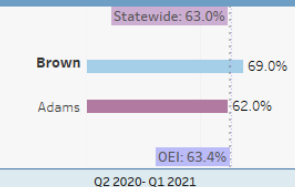
OEI: 77.3%

Q2 2020 - Q1 2021



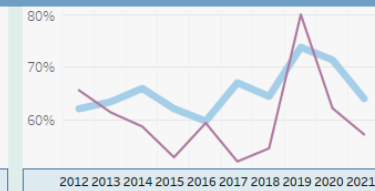
Postpartum Visits

In Brown County, 69.0% of deliveries received a postpartum visit.



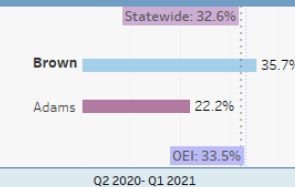
OEI: 63.4%

Q2 2020 - Q1 2021



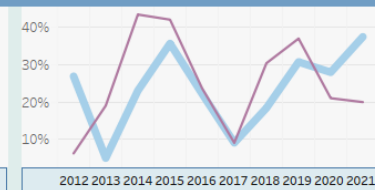
Progesterone Usage

In Brown County, 35.7% of high risk women received progesterone.



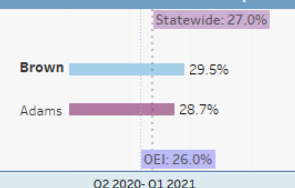
OEI: 33.5%

Q2 2020 - Q1 2021



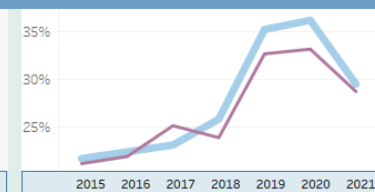
Contraceptive Care

In Brown County, the Contraceptive Care usage rate was 29.5%.



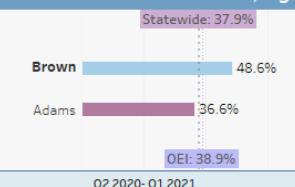
OEI: 26.0%

Q2 2020 - Q1 2021



Wellcare Visit, Ages 12- 21

In Brown County, the rate of Wellcare Visits for females ages 12- 21 was 48.6%.



OEI: 38.9%

Q2 2020 - Q1 2021

